**Urbanization:** Increasing demographic concentration of the human population into cities; changing from rural to urban land use,, by installing urban infrastructure.

**Site:** Specific characteristics of the physical landscape where a town or city is located.

**Situation:** Influence of surrounding areas

**Succession and Invasion:** A process of neighborhood change whereby one social or ethnic group succeeds another in a residential area. The displaced group, in turn, invades another area creating a rippling process or change throughout the city.

**Formal Boundary:** The demarcation of a specific area in order to regulate and control specific sets of people and resources within the given areas.

**Perceptual boundary:** An implied boundary- not delineated on maps or in legal documents. Usually symbols, material elements or culture help in identifying what areas are within the perceptual boundary.

**Tension:** Evidence of a strained relationship between people or groups in a given area.

**Population Density:** The number of people per square unit in a given area.

**Land Use:** Purposes for which land is used in a given area (eg commercial, residential, community, open spaces, etc.